## Extra Problems for November 28, 2011

## Calculate the following:

- 1.  $e^{\frac{\pi i}{6}}$
- 2.  $e^{\frac{3\pi i}{2}}$

You can do the following for extra credit:

3. Using the Euler's Formula show that:

$$\cos(3x) = \cos^{3}(x) - 3\sin^{2}(x)\cos(x)$$
$$\sin(3x) = 3\sin(x)\cos^{2}(x) - \sin^{3}(x)$$

4. Show the above by using the sum and double angle formulas for sin and cos.