## Math 160 Logic Assignment # 9

Note I will use the symbol  $\mathscr{P}$  to denote the power set. I have never been too happy with the options for power set in latex.

- 1. Suppose.  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  has the property that if  $a, b \in A$  then  $a + b \in A$  (i.e. A is closed under addition). Use induction to show that if  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n \in A$  then  $a_1 + a_2 + \ldots + a_n \in A$ .
- 2. Let A, B, C be sets. Show that  $(A \cup B) \times C = (A \times C) \cup (B \times C)$
- 3. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, \{3, 4\}\}, B = \{4, 5, 6\}, C = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ . Determine the following:
  - (a) Is  $\{3,4\} \in A$ ?
  - (b) Is  $\{3,4\} \in \mathcal{P}(A)$ ?
  - (c) Is  $\{3,4\} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(A)$ ?
  - (d) Is  $\{3, \{3, 4\}\} \in \mathcal{P}(A)$ ?
  - (e) What is  $|\mathcal{P}(A)|$ ?
  - (f) Is  $\{6,7\} \in \mathcal{P}(B \cup C)$ ?
  - (g) Is  $\{6,7\} \in \mathcal{P}(B \cap C)$ ?
  - (h) What is  $|\mathcal{P}(B \cup C)|$ ?
  - (i) What is  $|\mathscr{P}(B \cap C)|$ ?
- 4. Let A, B, C be sets. Show that  $C \subseteq A$  and  $C \subseteq B$  if and only if  $C \subseteq A \cap B$ .
- 5. Let A, B be sets. Prove  $\mathscr{P}(A) \cup \mathscr{P}(B) \subseteq \mathscr{P}(A \cup B)$ .