## Math 370 Number Theory Assignment \# 3

1. Prove that if $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that $a \mid b$ and $b \mid c$ then $a \mid c$. (Try to do this by yourself without notes, formally and carefully)
2. Let that $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$ be relatively prime. Show that if $a \mid c$ and $b \mid c$ then $a b \mid c$.
3. (a) Prove that $2 \mid n(n+1)$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
(b) Prove by induction that $6 \mid n\left(n^{2}+5\right)$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
(c) Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ with $a \neq 1$. Prove by induction that for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$ :

$$
1+a+a^{2}+\ldots+a^{n}=\frac{1-a^{n+1}}{1-a}
$$

4. In each case determine if the Diophantine equation has a solution. If it does find two solutions.
(a) $21284 x+354756 y=68$
(b) $25704 x+249288 y=25$
5. Like in chapter 7 , let $\mathbb{E}=\{\ldots,-4,-2,0,2,4, \ldots\}$.
(a) Write down the first 10 "primes" (positive elements in $\mathbb{E}$ that are not the product of two elements in $\mathbb{E}$.)
(b) Make a conjecture about when a number is an element of $\mathbb{E}$ is prime. (Hint: There is a very simple condition.)
(c) Prove this conjecture.
6. Factor the number 97881827 . (Hint: all the prime factors are less than 300 so don't panic).
