

Assignment #1

#1-6 The design specifications for a simple inverting amplifier require an input resistance of $10\text{ k}\Omega$ and a voltage gain, $A = -6.2$

a) Prepare a design using an ideal OpAmp.

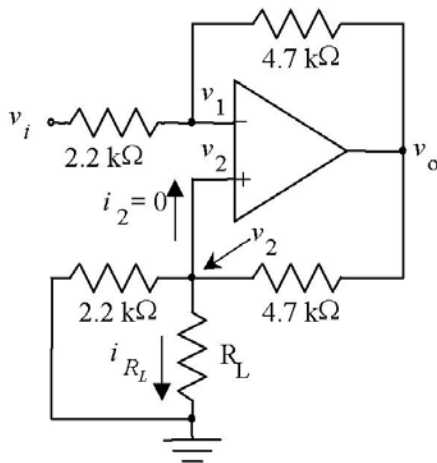
b) If a real OpAmp with the properties:

- $R_i = 2\text{ M}\Omega$
- $A = 200\text{ k}$
- $R_o = 75\ \Omega$

is used, what error in the gain and input resistance will result due to the non-ideal properties of the OpAmp?

Solution: Will be included this week

#1-11. Determine the current through the load resistor, R_L , as a function of the input voltage, v_i , for the given circuit. Know that $v_2 = v_1$ and that $i_{R_L} = v_2/R_L$.



Solution: Write node voltage equations at v_2 and v_1 :

@ v_1 :

$$0 = \frac{v_1 - v_i}{2.2\text{k}} + \frac{v_1 - v_o}{4.7\text{k}}$$

@ v_2 :

$$0 = \frac{v_2 - 0}{2.2\text{k} \parallel R_L} + \frac{v_2 - v_o}{4.7\text{k}} = \frac{v_1}{2.2\text{k} \parallel R_L} + \frac{v_1 - v_o}{4.7\text{k}}, \text{ since } v_2 = v_1$$

but $(v_1 - v_o)/4.7\text{k} = (v_i - v_1)/2.2\text{k} = (v_i - v_2)/2.2\text{k}$ so:

$$0 = \frac{v_2}{2.2\text{k} \parallel R_L} + \frac{v_i - v_2}{2.2\text{k}}$$

Note also that $i_{R_L} = v_2/R_L$.

Simplifying yields the solution:

$$i_{RL} = \frac{v_2}{R_L} = -\frac{v_i}{2.2k}$$

Confirmed using Pspice and $v_i = 1V$ and $R_L = 1k$ found in #1-11 Pspice folder. The result is the current through R_L .