

Math 320 Linear Algebra

Assignment # 10

Due: Tuesday, November 17

Textbook Problems:

3.3: 15, 17, 18, 20

3.4: 2, 4, 8, 10, 12, 14

Additional Problems:

1. In this problem we are going to prove an important theorem. Let V and W be vector spaces and $T : V \rightarrow W$ be an isomorphism (a 1-1 and onto linear transformation). Furthermore let $\mathcal{B} = \{\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2, \dots, \vec{v}_r\} \subseteq V$ and $\mathcal{D} = \{T(\vec{v}_1), T(\vec{v}_2), \dots, T(\vec{v}_r)\} \subseteq W$.
 - (a) If $\mathcal{B}$ is linearly independent in V then show that $\mathcal{D}$ is linearly independent in W . Here is a video: [Isomorphism Question Part a](#) that will help with this part.
 - (b) If $\mathcal{B}$ spans V then $\mathcal{D}$ spans W . Here is a video: [Isomorphism Question Part b](#) that will help with this part.
 - (c) If $\mathcal{B}$ are a basis for V then $\mathcal{D}$ are a basis for W .
(Hint: this should be very straight forward from the previous part)

2. Consider $V = \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}$ and let

$$\mathcal{B} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

- (a) What is $\dim V$
- (b) Show that $\mathcal{B}$ is linearly independent.
- (c) Why can you conclude from above that $\mathcal{B}$ is a basis for V ?
- (d) Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find $[A]_{\mathcal{B}}$. (Hint: Your answer should be an element of $\mathbb{R}^4$. Remember the order of $\mathcal{B}$ matters.)

3. Let $T : \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} \rightarrow P_2$ be defined by:

$$T \left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \right) = bx^2 + bx + c$$

(Hint: Only the first problem should require much in the way of work)

- (a) Find a basis for $\ker(T)$.
- (b) Find $\dim(\ker(T))$.
- (c) Find $\dim(\text{Rg}(T))$.
- (d) Find a basis for $\text{Rg}(T)$.
- (e) Is T onto?