## Problems from Assignment 5

1. For this problem you may use the folloing integrals when a > 0 and  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ :

$$\int_0^a (1 - \frac{x}{a})^{n-1} dx = \frac{\theta}{n}$$
$$\int_0^a x(1 - \frac{x}{a})^{n-1} dx = \frac{\theta^2}{n(n+1)}$$
$$\int_0^a x^2 (1 - \frac{x}{a})^{n-1} dx = \frac{2\theta^3}{n(n+1)(n+2)}.$$

Suppose  $X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathscr{U}(0, \theta)$  and let  $X_{\min}$  be the minimum of the *n* values.

- (a) Find the pdf of  $X_{\min}$ . (Hint:  $F_{X_{\min}}(x) = 1 P(X_{\min} > x)$ .)
- (b) Check that it is indeed a pdf.
- (c) Find  $E(X_{\min})$ .
- (d) Choose c so  $\hat{\theta}_1 = cX_{\min}$  is an unbiased estimator.
- (e) Find  $Var(X_{min})$ .
- (f) Compare this to  $Var(X_{max})$  that we did in class, and explain why this makes sense.
- (g) Find  $\operatorname{Var}(\hat{\theta}_1)$ .
- (h) How does the efficency compare to  $\hat{\theta} = \frac{n+1}{n} X_{\text{max}}$ .